

**Caput I – 1<sup>st</sup>/2<sup>nd</sup> Conjugation Verbs****Verbs:****P**

#

**T****M****V****Principal Part:**ex: **amō, amāre, amāvī, amātum****Infinitive:****To form the Present Active Infinitive:**

- Present Stem (base/root + conj. vowel) + -se (< -si < -sī)
- However, in Latin, an intervocalic “s” (= between two vowels) will rhotacize to an “r”

**Find the Present Stem:**

- Pres. Act. Inf. – “re” **OR** Present base + conj. vowel
- Note: **Laryngeals!**

H<sub>1</sub> >H<sub>2</sub> >H<sub>3</sub> >

- For 1<sup>st</sup> conj. verbs, stem-final vowel = **H<sub>2</sub>** ; For 2<sup>nd</sup> conj. verbs, stem-final vowel = **H<sub>1</sub>**

**Conjugate:****Finite Verb:****Indicative:****Example Conjugation in English: *to praise* – present active indicative**

	sing.	plural
1 <sup>st</sup>	I praise	We praise
2 <sup>nd</sup>	You praise	Y'all praise
3 <sup>rd</sup>	He/She/It praises	They praise

**To Conjugate a Latin Verb:** (in the present system)

**Combine Present Stem + Tense Marker + Personal Ending**

Present Tense Marker:

**Personal Endings of the Present Active System**

	sing.	plural
<b>1<sup>st</sup></b>	<b>-M̄</b>	<b>-mus</b>
<b>2<sup>nd</sup></b>	<b>-s</b>	<b>-tis</b>
<b>3<sup>rd</sup></b>	<b>-t</b>	<b>-nt</b>

= **Primary Active Endings**

Ex: conjugate *amāre*, 1<sup>st</sup> pl., pres. act. ind.

\_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_

**Vocalic (or “Sonant”) M = M̄**

M̄ after vowel >

M̄ after consonant >

**Vowel Shortening:**

Long vowels shorten before:

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

**Practice:** Conjugate the following verbs in the tense, voice, and mood indicated:

*amō, amāre* – **present active indicative**

	sing.	plural
<b>1<sup>st</sup></b>		
<b>2<sup>nd</sup></b>		
<b>3<sup>rd</sup></b>		

*debeō, debēre* – **present active indicative**

	sing.	plural
<b>1<sup>st</sup></b>		
<b>2<sup>nd</sup></b>		
<b>3<sup>rd</sup></b>		

*videō, vidēre* – **present active indicative**

	sing.	plural
<b>1<sup>st</sup></b>		
<b>2<sup>nd</sup></b>		
<b>3<sup>rd</sup></b>		

*laudō, laudāre* – **present active indicative**

	sing.	plural
<b>1<sup>st</sup></b>		
<b>2<sup>nd</sup></b>		
<b>3<sup>rd</sup></b>		

**Imperative Mood:****Forming the Present Active Imperative:**

1. Singular Imperative = **present stem** (present base + conj. vowel)
2. Plural Imperative = **present stem + -te**

**Give the present active IMPERATIVE of the following verbs: (2 pts.)**

**moneō, monēre:**      **sing.** \_\_\_\_\_      **plur.** \_\_\_\_\_

**amō, amāre:**      **sing.** \_\_\_\_\_      **plur.** \_\_\_\_\_

**Adverbs:****Key Terms:**

Part of Speech	Mood	Conjugation	Adverb
Verb	Voice	Finite Verb	Macron
Morphology	Present Tense	Present Stem	Rhotacism
Syntax	Infinitive	Thematic Vowel	Laryngeal
Person	Indicative	Personal Endings	Vocalic M
Number	Imperative	Paradigm	Vowel Shortening
Tense	Conjugate	Principal Parts	